

ement Facts Supp Serving Size 3 Gummies

Daily Value not established

Amount Per Serving %	Daily Value in Pre	gnancy
Calories	24	
Total Carbohydrates	5 g	†*
Sugars	5 g	†*
Vitamin A (as retinyl palmitate)	330 mcg RAE	25%
Vitamin C (as ascorbic acid)	30 mg	25%
Vitamin D (as cholecalciferol)	25 mcg	170%
Vitamin E (as d-alpha tocopheryl ace	tate) 10 mg	50%
Niacin (as niacinamide)	15 mg NE	80%
Vitamin B6 (as pyridoxine hydrochlo	ride) 2.5 mg	130%
Folate (as folic acid)	1700 mcg DFE	280%
Vitamin B12 (as cyanocobalamin)	8 mcg	280%
Choline (as choline bitartrate)	10 mg	2%
Iron (as ferric orthophosphate)	10 mg	40%
lodine (as potassium iodide)	150 mcg	50%
Omaga 2 fatty said	104 F ma	
Omega 3 fatty acid	104.5 mg	<u>T</u>
Docosahexaenoic acid (DHA)	75 mg	<u> </u>
Eicosapentaenoic acid (EPA)	15.3 mg	
Other Omega 3 fatty acid	14.2 mg	

Other Ingredients: sugar, glucose syrup, water, gelatin (bovine), lactic acid, citric acid, natural mixed berry flavor, natural color magenta, natural masking flavor. Contains soy and fish oil (cod).

Percent Daily Values based on 2,000 calorie diet.

USAGE: Vitafol® Gummies is indicated to provide vitamin, mineral, and DHA supplementation throughout pregnancy.** **CONTRAINDICATIONS:** Vitafol® Gummies is contraindicated in patients with

hypersensitivity to any of its components or color additives. Folic acid is contraindicated in patients with untreated and uncomplicated perni-

cious anemia, and in those with anaphylactic sensitivity to folic acid.

Iron therapy is contraindicated in patients with hemochromatosis and patients with iron storage disease or the potential for iron storage disease due to chronic hemolytic anemia (e.g., inherited anomalies of hemoglobin structure or synthesis and/or red cell enzyme deficiencies, etc.), pyridoxine responsive anemia, or cirrhosis of the liver.

nocobalamin (vitamin B12). **WARNING:** Accidental overdose of iron-containing products is a leading cause of fatal poisoning in children under 6. Keep this product out of reach of children. In

Cyanocobalamin is contraindicated in patients with sensitivity to cobalt or to cya-

WARNINGS/PRECAUTIONS: This product is intended for use as directed by your healthcare provider. Please do not share with others. Contains: soybean and fish oil (cod).

Vitamin D supplementation should be used with caution in those with hypercal-

case of accidental overdose, call a doctor or a Poison Control Center immediately.

cemia or conditions that may lead to hypercalcemia such as hyperparathyroidism and those who form calcium-containing kidney stones. High doses of vitamin D can lead to elevated levels of calcium that reside in the blood and soft tissues. Bone pain, high blood pressure, formation of kidney stones, renal failure, and increased risk of heart disease can occur. lodine should be used with caution in patients with an overactive thyroid. Prolonged use of iron salts may produce iron storage disease.

Folic acid, especially in doses above 0.1 mg daily, may obscure pernicious

anemia, in that hematologic remission may occur while neurological manifesta-

tions remain progressive. The use of folic acid doses above 1 mg daily may precipitate or exacerbate the neurological damage of vitamin B12 deficiency. Consumption of more than 3 grams of omega-3 fatty acids per day from all sources may lead to excessive bleeding. Supplemental intake of omega-3 fatty acids such as DHA exceeding 2 grams per

Do not use if inner seal is broken or missing. Do not exceed recommended dose. Keep out of the reach of children.

Drug Interactions: Medications for an overactive thyroid (anti-thyroid drugs)

day is not recommended.

used in conjunction with iodine supplementation may lead to hypothyroidism. Medications for hypertension used in conjunction with iodine supplementation may increase potassium.

High doses of folic acid may result in decreased serum levels of the anticonvul-

sant drugs; carbamazepine, fosphenytoin, phenytoin, phenobarbitol, valproic acid. Folic acid may decrease a patient's response to methotrexate. Vitamin D supplementation should not be given with large amounts of calcium in those with hypercalcemia or conditions that may lead to hypercalcemia such as

hyperparathyroidism and those who form calcium-containing kidney stones. Zinc can inhibit the absorption of certain antibiotics; take at least 2 hours apart to minimize interactions. Consult appropriate references for additional specific vitamin- drug interactions.

Information for Patients: Patients should be counseled to disclose all medical conditions, including use of all medications, vitamins and supplements, pregnancy, and breast-feeding.

Pediatric Use: Not for pediatric use. **ADVERSE REACTIONS:** Adverse reactions have been reported with specific vitamins and minerals, but generally at doses higher than those in Vitafol® Gummies. However, allergic and idiosyncratic reactions are possible at any dose.

Reported adverse events include skin ailments, gastrointestinal complaints, glucose abnormalities, and visual problems.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE: During pregnancy, take 3 gummies by mouth daily, or as directed by your healthcare provider. **HOW SUPPLIED:** Vitafol[®] Gummies is available as a coated berry shaped gummy. Available in bottles of 90 gummies (0642-0125-90) and 3 gummies as professional samples (0642-0125-04).

sive heat and moisture. **These statements have not been evaluated by the Food and Drug Administra-

Store at room temperature, approximately 15°-30°C (59°- 86°F), avoid exces-

tion. This product is not intended to diagnose, treat, cure, or prevent any disease.

Rx

Made in Colombia.

Distributed by: Exeltis USA, Inc., Florham Park, NJ 07932

1-877-324-9349

www.exeltisUSA.com

U.S. Patent Pending

©2024 Exeltis USA, Inc. All rights reserved.

Vitafol® is a registered trademark of Chemo Research, S.L. VIT-24-182 R00